Positive Discipline Strategies to Protect, Nurture and Meet Developmental Needs

In-Service e-Learning (PRIDE)

Course Description

This eLearning focuses on understanding and promoting positive discipline when caring for children and youth. In the first session, participants reflect on their beliefs about discipline, learn the difference between discipline and punishment, and learn about prohibited practices within Children and Family Services. With that understanding, participants will then review what motivates behaviour and how meeting a child or youth's needs for connection supports the relationship for positive discipline. With this foundation in mind, the goals of effective discipline are reviewed, as well as a range of disciplinary techniques that promote positive behavior. Caregivers will review how to establish expectations and rules, as well as how to modify the environment for a child or youth's success and other discipline strategies, such as time ins. In session 3 the concept of the "problem solving machine" is introduced along with tips for learning how to use it to respond to the different challenges that may arise using a variety of discipline strategies introduced in the module.

Learning Objectives

Session One: Promoting Positive Behaviour

- 1. Define discipline.
- 2. Explain the relationship between the goals of positive discipline and using discipline to protect, nurture, and meet developmental needs.
- 3. Know your own strengths and needs related to the personal qualities needed for positive discipline.
- 4. Describe how meeting attachment (belonging, recognition, power, and enjoyment) supports the relationship needed for positive discipline.
- 5. Describe the range and major categories of techniques that support positive discipline.
- 6. Describe techniques used to support the development of relationships that promote positive discipline and behavior.

Session Two: Building Self-Esteem and Understanding Behaviour.

- 1. Identify the categories of discipline techniques and guidelines for use of discipline techniques.
- 2. Explain why planning a discipline approach is important.
- 3. Identify ways to ensure your own self-regulation when working to promote positive behaviours.
- 4. Identify the components of a healthy environment for discipline.
- 5. Identify techniques that can help you to respond to challenging behaviours.
- 6. Establish respectful communication with children and youth.
- 7. Understand how effective use of positive discipline supports a child or youth's overall social-emotional development.

Session Three: Responding to Challenges

- 1. Describe the different parts of the "Problem Solving Machine".
- 2. Apply an understanding of the goals and strategies to promote positive behaviour.
- 3. Commit to a positive-discipline approach in caregiving.



Key Messages

- Positive discipline empowers children to develop responsible and respectful behavior by highlighting their strengths and addressing their developmental needs. It focuses on teaching and nurturing rather than punishment.
- Fulfilling children's attachment needs such as belonging, recognition, power, and enjoyment is essential for fostering the strong relationships necessary for effective positive discipline. This approach helps children feel connected and valued, which naturally supports better behavior.
- Using effective communication, problem-solving, and mutual respect, are key strategies in promoting positive discipline. These techniques foster self-esteem, encourage self-regulation, and create a healthy supportive environment for growth.
- Understanding and applying the principals of positive discipline, caregivers can effectively
 respond to challenging behaviors. This ensures that children receive consistent and supportive
 guidance help them thrive.

Guided Discussion Questions

- What are you doing differently after taking the training now that you better understand the differences between discipline vs punishment?
- What types of disciplinary techniques have you implement to promote positive behavior?
- How will you use your knowledge of problem solving in your parenting?



Resources

Resource 1-6

The Range of Disciplinary Techniques

PROMOTING

PROMOTING	POSITIVE
BEHAVIOR	

Seeks to strengthen relationship with child/youth, build self-esteem, and promote child/youth's ability and confidence to handle situations themselves.

Child/youth maintains most responsibility for self-regulation.

Caregiver guides and supports.

Communication
Listening
Questioning
Modeling Praise
(verbal or non- verbal)
Physical (e.g. high-five)
Sharing positive feelings
Rewards
Privileges
Increased responsibility
Support interests
Encouragement

PROMOTING SELF-REGULATION

Uses planning and preparation as a means to avoid challenging behaviors.

Caregiver and child/youth share responsibility for regulation.

Encourage risk taking
Establish expectations
Rules
Standards of behavior
Household meetings
Preparing/planning for changes
Modifying the environment

RESPONDING TO DYSREGULATION

Uses direct intervention to address situations where the child/youth does not have the ability to self-regulate.

Caregiver maintains greatest responsibility for regulation.

Natural and logical consequences
Exploring alternatives Rules
Direct requests Removing child/youth from situation

"I-messages"

Time-in

RESPONDING



Classification: Public

Articles

Seven Tips for Practicing Positive Discipline

By Bridget Bentz Sizer from PBS.org

https://www.pbs.org/parents/thrive/seven-tips-for-practicing-positive-discipline

The Teen Brain and Trauma Recovery

Adapted by Anna Libertin, NACAC's communications specialist, from a webinar by Kim Stevens.

https://www.nacac.org/resource/the-teen-years-brain-development-and-trauma-recovery/



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